Entrance Examination in Physics for the Master Continuation Programmes

SAMPLE TEST with answers

Branches: Mathematical Physics, Nuclear and Particle Physics, Quantum Technologies

The entrance examination is regarded as successful, if the candidate has obtained at least 20 points (i.e. 50% of the maximum score).

1. A particle's movement is governed by parametric equations x = at, y = bt with a, b constant. Determine the radial and transverse components of the velocity and acceleration vectors of the movement.

(4 points)

Answer: $v_r = \dot{r} = \sqrt{a^2 + b^2}, v_{\varphi} = r\dot{\varphi} = 0, a_r = \ddot{r} - r\dot{\varphi}^2, a_{\varphi} = 2\dot{r}\dot{\varphi} + r\ddot{\varphi} = 0$

2. A simple pendulum of mass m and length l is at time t = 0 displaced by angle φ_0 from the vertical and released. Determine the maximum tension in the string and velocity at the equilibrium position.

(4 points) Answer: $F = mg(3 - 2\cos\varphi_0), v = \sqrt{2gl(1 - \cos\varphi_0)}$

3. A cart loaded with sand moves along a horizontal road due to a constant horizontal force F. Sand spills through a hole in the bottom with a constant rate per time μ . At time t = 0 was the cart's velocity zero and the cart loaded with sand had the mass M. Determine the speed and acceleration of the cart.

(5 points) Answer: $a = \frac{F}{M-\mu t}, v = \frac{F}{\mu} \ln \frac{M}{M-\mu t}$

4. A spaceship moves with speed $v_1 = 0.8c$ relative to Earth and fires a rocket in the forward direction at a speed $v_2 = 0.6c$ relative to the spaceship. The proper length of the rocket is $l_0 = 10m$. Determine the length of the rocket measured by the observer on the spaceship and by the observer on Earth.

(4 points) Answer: $l_{v_1} = 8m$, $l_{v_2} = 3.24m$

5. Determine the magnitude of the electric field E at the centre of a hemispherical shell with radius R and uniform surface charge density σ .

(5 points) Answer: $E = \frac{\sigma}{4\varepsilon_0}$ 6. Determine the leakage resistance of a spherical capacitor with the radii of its metal shells $R_1 < R_2$. The space between the spherical shells is filled with oil of resistivity ρ . (5 points)

Answer: $R = \frac{\varrho}{4\pi} \frac{R_2 - R_1}{R_1 R_2}$

7. Determine the force on a charged particle that is moving with velocity v = E/B in mutually perpendicular electric and magnetic fields. The vectors \vec{E} , \vec{B} , \vec{v} form a right-handed orthogonal system.

(4 points) Answer: $\vec{F} = \vec{0}$

8. Determine natural frequency of longitudinal vibrations of a mass point that is connected to fixed points by two springs with equal spring constants k.

(4 points)

Answer: $\omega = \sqrt{\frac{2k}{m}}$

9. Determine the Lagrangian $L(\varphi, \dot{\varphi}, t)$ and derive the equation of motion of a simple pendulum with extensible length l which increases as $l(t) = l_0(1 + kt)$, where l_0 and k are constant.

(5 points)

Answer:
$$L(\varphi, \dot{\varphi}, t) = \frac{1}{2}m\left(\dot{l}^2 + l^2\dot{\varphi}^2\right) + mgl\cos\varphi, \ (1+kt)\ddot{\varphi} + 2k\dot{\varphi} + \frac{g}{l_0}\sin\varphi = 0$$

Entrance Examination in Physics for the Master Continuation Programmes

SAMPLE TEST with answers

Branches: Physical Electronics, Nuclear Engineering, Solid State Engineering, Physical Engineering of Materials, Plasma Physics and Thermonuclear Fusion

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1. A particle's movement is governed by parametric equations x = at, y = bt with a, b constant. Determine the radial and transverse components of the velocity and acceleration vectors of the movement.

(4 points)

Answer: $v_r = \dot{r} = \sqrt{a^2 + b^2}, v_{\varphi} = r\dot{\varphi} = 0, a_r = \ddot{r} - r\dot{\varphi}^2, a_{\varphi} = 2\dot{r}\dot{\varphi} + r\ddot{\varphi} = 0$

2. A simple pendulum of mass m and length l is at time t = 0 displaced by angle φ_0 from the vertical and released. Determine the maximum tension in the string and velocity at the equilibrium position.

(4 points) Answer: $F = mg(3 - 2\cos\varphi_0), v = \sqrt{2gl(1 - \cos\varphi_0)}$

3. A cart loaded with sand moves along a horizontal road due to a constant horizontal force F. Sand spills through a hole in the bottom with a constant rate per time μ . At time t = 0 was the cart's velocity zero and the cart loaded with sand had the mass M. Determine the speed and acceleration of the cart.

(5 points) Answer: $a = \frac{F}{M-\mu t}, v = \frac{F}{\mu} \ln \frac{M}{M-\mu t}$

4. A spaceship moves with speed $v_1 = 0.8c$ relative to Earth and fires a rocket in the forward direction at a speed $v_2 = 0.6c$ relative to the spaceship. The proper length of the rocket is $l_0 = 10m$. Determine the length of the rocket measured by the observer on the spaceship and by the observer on Earth.

(4 points) Answer: $l_{v_1} = 8m, l_{v_2} = 3.24m$

5. Determine the magnitude of the electric field E at the centre of a hemispherical shell with radius R and uniform surface charge density σ .

(5 points) Answer: $E = \frac{\sigma}{4\varepsilon_0}$ 6. Determine the leakage resistance of a spherical capacitor with the radii of its metal shells $R_1 < R_2$. The space between the spherical shells is filled with oil of resistivity ρ . (5 points)

Answer: $R = \frac{\varrho}{4\pi} \frac{R_2 - R_1}{R_1 R_2}$

7. Determine the force on a charged particle that is moving with velocity v = E/B in mutually perpendicular electric and magnetic fields. The vectors \vec{E} , \vec{B} , \vec{v} form a right-handed orthogonal system.

(4 points) Answer: $\vec{F} = \vec{0}$

8. Determine natural frequency of longitudinal vibrations of a mass point that is connected to fixed points by two springs with equal spring constants k.

(4 points)

Answer: $\omega = \sqrt{\frac{2k}{m}}$

9. Determine the average speed $\langle v \rangle$ for the Maxwell–Boltzmann distribution of speeds.

(5 points) Answer: $\langle v \rangle = \sqrt{\frac{8kT}{\pi m}}$

Entrance Examination in Physics for the Master Continuation Programmes

SAMPLE TEST with answers

Branch: Decommissioning of Nuclear Facilities

The entrance examination is regarded as successful, if the candidate has obtained at least 20 points (i.e. 50% of the maximum score).

1. A particle's movement is governed by parametric equations x = at, y = bt with a, b constant. Determine the radial and transverse components of the velocity and acceleration vectors of the movement.

(4 points) Answer: $v_r = \dot{r} = \sqrt{a^2 + b^2}, v_{\varphi} = r\dot{\varphi} = 0, a_r = \ddot{r} - r\dot{\varphi}^2, a_{\varphi} = 2\dot{r}\dot{\varphi} + r\ddot{\varphi} = 0$

2. A simple pendulum of mass m and length l is at time t = 0 displaced by angle φ_0 from the vertical and released. Determine the maximum tension in the string and velocity at the equilibrium position.

(4 points) Answer: $F = mg(3 - 2\cos\varphi_0), v = \sqrt{2gl(1 - \cos\varphi_0)}$

3. A cart loaded with sand moves along a horizontal road due to a constant horizontal force F. Sand spills through a hole in the bottom with a constant rate per time μ . At time t = 0 was the cart's velocity zero and the cart loaded with sand had the mass M. Determine the speed and acceleration of the cart.

(5 points)

Answer: $a = \frac{F}{M-\mu t}, v = \frac{F}{\mu} \ln \frac{M}{M-\mu t}$

4. A spaceship moves with speed $v_1 = 0.8c$ relative to Earth and fires a rocket in the forward direction at a speed $v_2 = 0.6c$ relative to the spaceship. The proper length of the rocket is $l_0 = 10m$. Determine the length of the rocket measured by the observer on the spaceship and by the observer on Earth.

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(4 \text{ points})
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Answer: $l_{v_1} = 8m, \ l_{v_2} = 3.24m$

5. Determine the magnitude of the electric field E at the centre of a hemispherical shell with radius R and uniform surface charge density σ .

(5 points) Answer: $E = \frac{\sigma}{4\varepsilon_0}$ 6. Determine the leakage resistance of a spherical capacitor with the radii of its metal shells $R_1 < R_2$. The space between the spherical shells is filled with oil of resistivity ρ . (5 points)

Answer: $R = \frac{\varrho}{4\pi} \frac{R_2 - R_1}{R_1 R_2}$

7. Determine the force on a charged particle that is moving with velocity v = E/B in mutually perpendicular electric and magnetic fields. The vectors \vec{E} , \vec{B} , \vec{v} form a right-handed orthogonal system.

(4 points) Answer: $\vec{F} = \vec{0}$

8. A wire of constant resistivity is bent in the form of an equilateral triangle. Two vertices of the triangle are connected to a source of electromotive force \mathcal{E} . Determine the magnetic field in the centre of the triangle.

(4 points) Answer: $\vec{B} = \vec{0}$

9. A square loop with side length a rotates in the uniform magnetic field \vec{B} around axis parallel with the loop plane and perpendicular to the field with constant angular velocity ω . At time t = 0 is the loop in the plane perpendicular to the field. Determine the induced electromotive force \mathcal{E} at time t.

(5 points) Answer: $\mathcal{E} = Ba^2\omega\sin\omega t$